HYPNOSIS AND THE EXPERIENCE OF TIME

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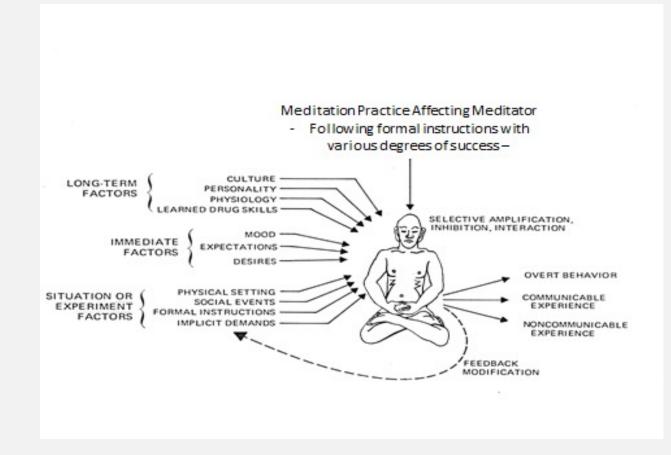


HYPNOTIC PHENOMENA

- Hypnotic phenomena include behavioral, cognitive, and experiential alterations that may emerge in different situations (e.g., after trauma, watching an appealing movie) including during hypnosis:
 - Sense of compulsion/enhanced suggestibility
 - Decreased reflective awareness/absorption
 - Unusual experiences (alterations in body image, sense of time, dissociative experiences
- Hypnotizability/hypnotic susceptibility refers to valid and reliable individual differences in hypnotic suggestion responses



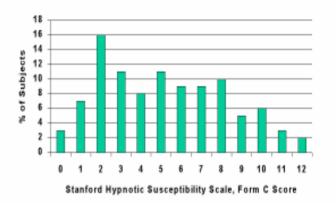
MANY FACTORS DETERMINE THE EFFECT OF AN INDUCTION (TART, 1975)

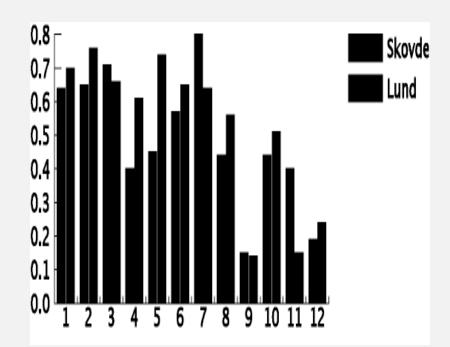




HYPNOTIZABILITY IS A VALID, RELIABLE, STABLE TRAIT





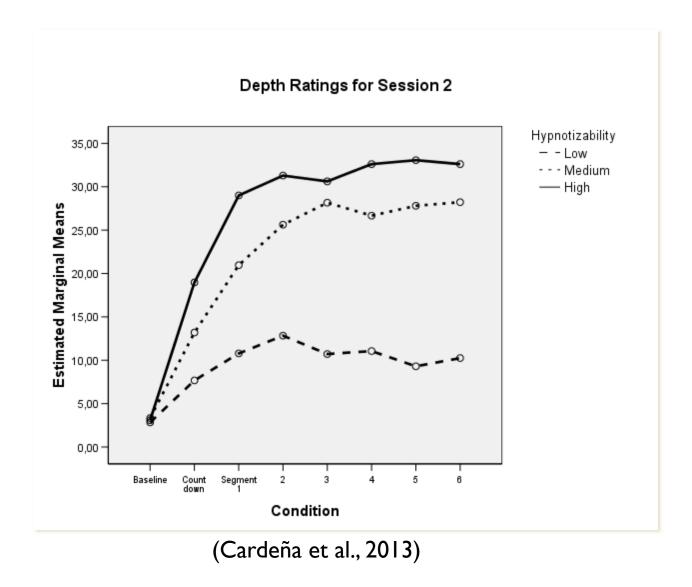




PHENOMENOLOGY ACROSS HYPNOTIZABILITY

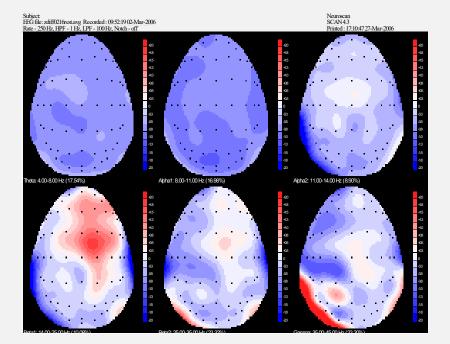
- Lows' reports characterized by normal cognition
- Mediums by somatosensory experiences
- Highs by imagery and exceptional (transcendent, positive emotions) experiences
- Mediums and Highs report more alterations of time than Lows in response to hypnosis (Cardeña et al., 2013)







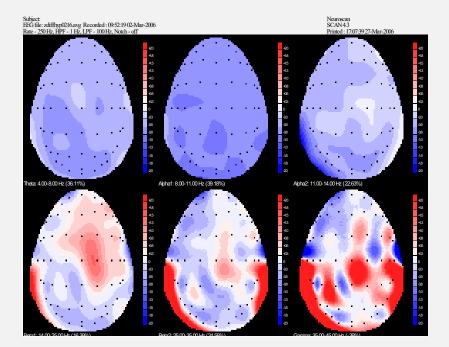
DIFF AWAKE HIGHS - LOWS





(Cardeña et al., 2013)

DIFF IN HYPNOSIS HIGHS - LOWS





(Cardeña et al., 2013)

HYPNOSIS, HYPNOTIZABILITY, AND ABSORPTION

| Susceptibility | Hypnosis | Waking |
|----------------|----------|---------------------|
| | Charles | reading (absorbing) |
| High | 5.87* | 8.73 |
| Low | 9.93 | 8.33 |
| | Dune | reading (boring) |
| High | 11.00 | 8.27 |
| Low | 12.67 | 12.27 |



Highs underreport passage of time only during hypnosis and when listening to an interesting passage (St. Jean & MacLeod, 1983)